

SKB CODE OF ETHICS

Valid from 31st of March 2022

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1. INTRODUCTION

- (1) SKB Group¹ (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank") Code of Ethics formulates clear and unambiguous guidelines and requirements for both the Bank and those affiliated with the Bank, in respect of ethical business operations, in order to protect the employees and the Bank against the risks, originating from violations, lack of following or disrespecting of internal regulation or valid legislation. The aim of the Code is also to enhance professional reputation of the bank and its particular member.
- (2) The Code of Ethics is based on international standards, best practices and own operational experiences, which take into consideration the requirements imposed on the Bank and practical feasibility. The Code of Ethics is a set of values, characteristically for each person, regardless to the person's level of responsibility.
- (3) The Bank's statutory corporate governance system simultaneously serves customer confidence and satisfaction, the increase of shareholder value and social responsibility.
- (4) Compliance with the rules of ethics and ethical operation within the Bank is supervised by the Ethics Committee, in accordance with the principles and expected forms of conduct stipulated in the Code of Ethics accepted by the Board of Directors.
- (5) The Bank provides the opportunity to report violations of the Code of Ethics either in person, over the phone, mail or in e-mail; in addition, it does its utmost to protect the employees reporting infringements from discrimination and unfair treatment: it prohibits the application of retaliatory measures or negative consequences against anyone reporting in good faith any presumed or real breach of the values and principles of the Code of Ethics.
- (6) The Bank attaches particular importance to making sure that the employees familiarise with and develop awareness of the norms of ethics and the whistleblowing channel, therefore it conducts an e-learning programme for every single employee, while reviews and monitors compliance with those norms on a regular basis.

2. THE PERSONAL SCOPE OF THE CODE OF ETHICS

- (7) The Code of Ethics specifies obligations for the Bank's executive officer, its deputy and other members of the Board of Directors (hereinafter collectively referred to as "executive officers"), its employees² (the aforementioned collectively referred to as "employees") and its agents. For the purposes of the Code of Ethics "agents" include representatives, experts, intermediaries, consultants, agents per se, subcontractors and suppliers, along with enterprises and natural persons in other legal relationships with the Bank under the civil law. The provisions set forth in the Code of Ethics must be observed and complied with by all the above mentioned persons and organizations during the entire period of their employment or contractual relationships – both during and outside working hours.
- (8) The employees and the agents performing contractual obligations for the Bank and, in the course of their activities, meeting a wide range of the Bank's existing or potential clients, performing services for them on behalf of the Bank, and appearing before the public in the course of the performance of their contractual obligations clearly as representatives of the Bank, accept the Code of Ethics by signing the declarations pertaining to them. The Bank strives to ensure that all other agents undertake to comply with the provisions of the Code of Ethics (or with those of an equivalent own policy).

3. VALUES

3.1 Protection of the bank's assets

- (9) Every employee is responsible for the protection of all such tangible, financial and other assets of the Bank, the clients and the agents, with the management of which they have been assigned. Assets of the Bank, clients, agents and other actors may only be applied and used for authorized purposes, in accordance with the applicable permits and conditions.
- (10) Inappropriate management or unauthorized sharing with third parties of assets owned or used by the Bank are considered to be a breach of obligations towards the Bank and as such, may qualify as economic crimes against the Bank. Likewise, negligence relating to, wastage or unauthorized use of the Bank's assets may also constitute violation of obligations towards the Bank.

¹SKB banka d.d. Ljubljana, SKB Leasing d.o.o., SKB Leasing Select d.o.o.

²Employees: persons having an employment relationship or other relationship for the purpose of work with the Bank.

(11) For the purposes hereof, assets include cash, securities, physical property (instruments, inventories, equipment, etc.), services, business plans, information related to clients, employees and agents, intellectual property and any other personal, legally protected and confidential information.

3.2 Protection of the Bank's reputation

Requirements concerning conduct

- (12) Our employees must – both inside and outside the workplace – refrain from any expression that may have a negative impact on the Bank's reputation.
- (13) An appropriate work environment is free from harassment, intimidation, discrimination, improper tone and abusive language, both in the relationship between employees and in superior - subordinate relations; (management) instructions and actions violating the human dignity of employees are strictly prohibited.
- (14) The use of the proper tone, language, conduct and gestures in the communication with clients and agents is essential; in this respect, the exemplary conduct of the senior staff is important and expected by the Bank.
- (15) The Bank expects its employees to behave, even in their private lives, in conformity to and in a way that is worthy of the Bank's norms of ethics, particularly when their activities or themselves may be associated in any way with the Bank or when they may appear to be acting or expressing opinions on behalf of the Bank.
- (16) Employees may participate and express their opinions in any organization (political, religious or cultural) only as private individuals, and they must refrain from making references to their association with the Bank. Employees must not exercise their right of expression in any way that violates the Bank's reputation or its rightful economic or organizational interests.
- (17) Our employees have to strictly obey the valid legislation, collective agreements, employment contract and internal regulation. In no case they encourage our clients to avoid the valid legislation or the bank's internal regulation applicable for execution of transaction or operation. In case a transaction or operation would pose the bank to the risks of reputation damage of the bank, our employees are obliged to notify such a transaction or operation to their superiors or in line with their right to report.

Social media

- (18) In the course of their activities in social media our employees must refrain from any expression that may have a negative impact on the Bank's reputation. The Bank expects its employees to behave – in the course of their communications in social media as private individuals – in conformity to and in a way that is worthy of the Bank's norms of ethics, particularly when their activities or themselves may be associated in any way with the Bank, or when they may appear to be acting or expressing opinions on behalf of the Bank.
- (19) Accordingly, in the course of their activity performed in the social media, our employees should particularly
- be respectful and tolerant towards others in terms of their religious, national and ethnic origin, sexual orientation, political or ideological beliefs;
 - refrain from posting hate propaganda or racist content;
 - respect the constitutional and statutory rights of others;
 - show respectful conduct towards the Bank's competitors, too;
 - refrain from communicating false, deliberately misleading or fake information;
 - refrain from publishing illegal content or information inciting unlawful acts;
 - refrain from using vulgar, obscene, libelous or defamatory expressions

Political involvement

(20) We recognize our employees' right to assume roles in politics and in public life, but such activities may only be performed outside the workplace. In the course of their political activities outside the workplace, employees must not misuse their positions at the Bank and they must refrain from behaving in any way that may have a negative impact on the Bank's reputation.

(21) Employees must inform the Bank before assuming any position in any political or state organization. In the course of their work at the Bank, employees may not misuse their roles or positions assumed at the political or state organization.

(22) Employees may only provide support to political organizations or persons observing the prohibition as stated in Chapter "Sponsorship".

(23) The Bank's resources (human resources, facilities, other assets) must not be used in support of political events.

3.3 Fit and proper procedure

Anti-corruption

Corruption, prohibited manipulation

(24) Prohibited manipulation is the provision or achievement of advantage without entitlement or unlawful advantage, in exchange for consideration. No employee or any other person acting on behalf of the Bank shall ever either offer, promise or make a payment or provide any other item of value or request or accept such item with the aim of influencing public officials or other persons (or to give rise to the appearance of such influence), or to attain unfair business advantage.

(25) Items of value include financial or other types of advantages, such as – besides cash – gifts, credit/loan, collateral, any offering in the course of the provision of a loan, discount, entertainment, services, benefits, offering of a job, etc. It has no minimum amount or threshold value whatsoever that should be exceeded before such payment provided for the above purposes or gift qualifies as illegal or conflicting with the Code of Ethics.

(26) Even the suspicion or appearance of corruption and prohibited manipulation must be avoided.

Gifts and invitation

General rules for giving gifts

(27) Handing out gifts is sometimes part of the local culture and traditions. Giving gifts in the course of business and client relationships may contribute to the company's reputation and to the establishment of good business relationships.³

(28) Customary gifts, for business purposes, may be given and accepted; however, the Rules regarding gifts, invitations to business meals and external events shall be obeyed (including the approval process on the level of superior and/or Compliance Department, and the value threshold for the gifts, which may not exceed 42 € per gift. Annual threshold for gifts given by the same person is set at 150 €). The gift should not be cash, cash substitute payment instrument, security, gift certificate or supplementary benefit provided in lieu of or directly related to banking services.

(29) If, in spite of the above, a gift exceeding the value limit referred to earlier, is offered and cannot be refused, it has to be reported to the Bank's Compliance Department, specifying the organization or person from which/whom the gift was received/given, the nature of the relevant business relationship and the gift itself. Recurring, regular (daily, weekly or monthly) benefits provided by the same client or clientele do not qualify as business gifts, and consequently, should not be accepted.

(30) Non-cash gifts of protocol nature, related to the Board of Directors, the purpose of which is other than influencing the business relation existing or to be established with the Bank, are exempted from the prohibition.

(31) An employee must not give or accept gifts in circumstances where it may appear for outsiders that this may influence a business decision or where it may be regarded as a case of bribery.

(32) Even the suspicion or appearance of the Bank or its employee influencing or trying to influence official bodies must be avoided; therefore particular care must be taken in connection with gifts and invitations in relation to official bodies, international and/or civil society organizations.

³In relation to investment services, employees must also act in compliance with the provisions of the Bank's prevailing internal regulatory document pertaining to the principles and rules of inducement.

Special rules for gifting in a public client area

(33) No gift whatsoever may (especially cash, cash substitute payment instrument, security, gift certificate or supplementary benefit provided in lieu of or directly related to banking services) – regardless of value – be accepted in the public client area.

(34) If gift is offered and cannot be refused, it has to be reported to the Bank's Compliance Department, specifying the organization or person from which/whom the gift was received, the nature of the relevant business relationship and the gift itself.

(35) The above prohibitive provisions shall also apply to any gift given to a relative⁴ of the employee if the gift is made because of a business relationship between the employee and the client.

Gift giving between employees

(36) Any and all forms of exchanging gifts at the expense of the employer (representative budget) between employees are prohibited, whether within an institution or among employees belonging to different subsidiaries of the Group. Gifts may be given by employees as private persons, at their own expense (e.g. in the case of one's birthday).

Invitation, representation

(37) An invitation or entertainment may take a variety of forms, including organized events, hospitality, concerts or trips. Making or accepting an invitation may be a legitimate part of business operations, it may contribute to the Bank's reputation and to the establishment of good business relationships. Making and accepting customary business-type invitations is permitted. Such cases may include invitations to lunch or dinner, participation in receptions or other types of entertainment, such as hospitality or reimbursement of travelling costs. Such costs must, however, always be kept within reasonable limits.

(38) If the total monetary value of the invitations given or accepted exceeds threshold of 42 € per invitation and/or 150 € per year the Compliance Department needs to be informed in advance, specifying the organization or person from which/whom the invitation was received/given, the nature of the relevant business relationship, the estimated monetary value of the invitation and the invitation itself, and approval needs to be given.

(39) Business decisions must always be made in accordance with the Bank's interests and not on the basis of the personal relationship, the development of which has been facilitated by the gift or invitation. The primary objective is to protect and preserve the Bank's reputation and impeccable integrity.

Payments facilitating business procedures

(40) Facilitating payments include unofficial benefits aimed at facilitating and accelerating an action or procedure to which the paying person is otherwise entitled. The Bank dismisses the practice of facilitating payments and will not make such payment when they are requested.

Sponsorship

(41) The Bank's employees are not permitted to provide – in connection with their activities relating to their employment relationships or positions held – pecuniary or non-pecuniary support for any political party, organization or any member or representative thereof. The Bank agrees to and accepts to be bound by this principle as well. The Bank recognizes this principle as binding on itself and discloses its compliance with this prohibition on its website.

Donation

(42) In the framework of its social responsibility, the Bank provides donations for certain organizations and groups in need. Donations may only be provided in accordance with the applicable statutory and internal regulatory documents. Neither the Bank nor any of its employees may ask for or accept any direct or indirect consideration in exchange for a donation.

⁴As defined in Banking Act (ZBan-3).

Conflict of Interest

(43) In accordance with the provisions of the applicable statutory regulations and the Bank's regulatory documents the employees must avoid any actual conflicts of interest and even the appearance thereof in relation to their positions, work and themselves. During the sale of banking products and services, our employees shall act in an ethical manner, refraining from any and all activities that are contrary to the Bank's and the clients' interests, they shall make their decisions in an impartial and unbiased manner and shall put the interest of the clients first ahead of their own (financial) interest when offering products and services.

(44) The employees must report any actual or potential conflicts of interest in relation to themselves, their relatives or their own or their relatives' business interests and the interests of the Bank or its clients. The employees shall collaborate with the Bank to quickly and efficiently resolve any conflicts of interest.

(45) In relation to their positions, work and/or the Bank's interests, the employees must not demonstrate any conduct or hold any position that results in conflicts of interests.

(46) Employees shall refrain from any conduct harming or jeopardizing the economic interest of the Bank during their employment, unless the law or other relevant regulation so provides. Employees shall not exercise their right to freedom of expression in any way that would damage the Bank's reputation or jeopardize its rightful economic or organizational interests.

(47) Staff members may not use the Bank's infrastructure to promote their own business.

(48) The occurrence and continuance of financial relations and dependence (e.g. borrowing, renting) between employees⁵ is not encouraged. The Compliance Department may grant prior authorization or exemption herefrom, taking into consideration all circumstances.

(49) In view of its investment service and auxiliary service provision activities, the Bank prepares a policy on conflicts of interest in order to avoid, identify and manage any conflicts of interest that are detrimental to its clients. The conflicts of interest policy specifies the circumstances that lead or may lead to such conflicts of interest in the case of the given investment or auxiliary services that may have detrimental consequences for the client, and it contains the detailed procedural rules and measures to be applied in the management of the given conflicts of interest.

3.4 Mutual respect

Human rights

(50) The Bank respects and promotes the international human rights set out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. It assumes its obligation to respect human rights and acts at all times in accordance with the principles laid down in the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP) in the course of its activities.

(51) This human rights policy sets out the commitments as well as the principles and rules that shall be respected by all OTP Group employees, agents and clients. The integration of human rights into business relationships is governed by the relevant international standards⁶ to which the Bank is committed.

Prohibition of Discrimination

(52) The Bank seeks to create a working environment in which individual differences are accepted and appreciated. All forms of negative discrimination based on real or assumed attributes of the given person - including but not limited to race, sex, nationality, religious or ideological conviction, sexual identity, ethnic origin, disability, sexual orientation, political or other views, marital status, etc. are prohibited.

Prohibition of Harassment

(53) The Bank forbids and does not tolerate any behavior based on intimidating employees, especially if exploiting this, employees are forced to show a conduct that is not in line with the Bank's regulatory documents or the applicable statutory regulations.

(54) Any verbal, non-verbal or physical form of behavior aimed at or resulting in the prejudice to the given person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, aggressive, humiliating or offensive environment, is prohibited thus, in particular, sexual or other harassment.

⁵The provision related to the development of financial relations does not apply to employees in family relations.

⁶VUN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP); Children's Rights and Business Principles; the eight fundamental conventions of the International Labour Organisation (ILO); OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (the chapter on human rights); United Nations Global Compact; IFC's Performance Standards; United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)

(55) If an employee feels that he or she has fallen victim to harassment referred to above, the Compliance Department should be notified through any of the channels specified in section 4, which will then investigate the case and take the necessary measures.

3.5 The Bank's commitments

Financial reporting

(56) The Bank prepares, presents and publishes its financial reports in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles and the applicable statutory regulations. The reports must contain the Bank's financial position and the results of its operations in all relevant aspects, thereby also ensuring fair information provision to its investors.

Competition law

(57) The Bank's management is committed to and interested in ensuring the operation of free and fair market conditions facilitating competition. The Bank refrains from any conduct that could result in restricting competition in the market or in the abuse of its dominant economic position. Such conduct may include, inter alia entering in unfair economic competition (in a way that violates or jeopardizes the rightful interests of clients, competitors and/or partners); making or accepting proposals aimed at agreeing on prices, sharing marketing information affecting competition or dividing market and clients (cartel agreement); and discussing issues of relevance from the aspect of restricting competition (e.g. prices, pricing policies, costs, marketing strategies) in meetings of professional organizations representing trade interests.

(58) The employees must behave in the course of their day-to-day activities involving the Bank's competitors and business partners in awareness of their responsibility under the competition law.

Consumer Protection

(59) As a responsible financial service provider, the Bank pays particular attention to the protection of consumer rights and interests and to the quality of services provided to consumers. The Bank ensures that its employees directly or indirectly in contact with consumers receive proper consumer protection training and thus understand and apply consumer protection rules appropriately and act with due care and diligence.

(60) In order to help consumers, make informed financial decisions, the Bank pays increased attention to the enforcement of consumer protection principles, transparent information practices, financial education and the protection of vulnerable consumer groups.

(61) The Bank constantly monitors compliance with consumer protection and other legal aspects from the planning and launch of services through the course of product development to the management of marketing and client relations. During commercial and consumer communication, the Bank acts in accordance with good faith and fair dealing and does not engage in unfair commercial practices.

Insider trading

(62) In the course of their day-to-day work, certain employees of the Bank may acquire insider information, which they must not use in any way violating the law. The Bank condemns insider trading.

(63) Insider trading, unauthorised disclosure of insider information and prohibited market manipulation shall be governed by the provisions of the Criminal Code, the relevant EU legislation, as well as the Bank's internal regulatory documents.

(64) In accordance with its internal regulatory documents, the Bank takes all necessary measures to prevent and prohibit insider trading.

Confidentiality

(65) One of the most essential requirements for the confidential relationship between the Bank and its clients is strict protection of business secrets and confidential information pertaining to clients. The Bank consistently protects business and securities secrets stemming from its financial services activity. Employees must comply with the confidentiality obligation even after their positions or employment statuses are terminated.

(66) The employees must refrain from formally or informally sharing any information relating to the operation and activities of the Bank in cases where this is neither required for the regular business procedures nor related to the employee's tasks and in cases involving persons that are not employees or business partners of the Bank.

(67) The protection and keeping of business, bank and securities secrets must be ensured in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Banking Act, Market in Financial Instruments Act, Personal Data Protection Act, General Data Protection Regulation, along with the Bank's internal regulatory documents.

(68) Our employees are required to make sure at the end of the day's work that their paper-based and electronic documents containing bank, securities or business secrets or confidential information are not left in places and/or in a condition where and in which they are accessible to unauthorised persons.

Anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing activities

(69) Financial service providers play an intermediary or recipient role in the performance of quick and secure money market operations for private individuals and for organizations, therefore there is a high risk of certain individuals' aiming at giving transaction orders via the Bank for illegal purposes or involving assets originating from criminal activities. The prevention of such acts and knowing the Bank's clients are extremely important, not only for the Bank but also from the perspective of the overall perception of the domestic money and capital market. In this regard, any illegal act may entail unpredictable consequences for the Bank and the market in terms of both the loss of reputation and the potential financial losses.

(70) The employees of the Bank in areas having direct contact with clients and in other areas exposed to the above risks must take as definite steps as possible toward the prevention and combating of money laundering and terrorist financing and in order to obtain exhaustive information on their clients by applying the "Know Your Customer" principle. In the course of their work they must proceed in full compliance with the provisions of the Act on the Prevention and Combating of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing, the Act on the Implementation of Financial and Property Restrictive Measures Prescribed by the European Union and the UN Security Council, as well as the implementing decrees of such Acts, the Criminal Code, the sub-laws of the Bank of Slovenia, the FATF and the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, the relevant regulations of the European Union and the Bank's internal regulatory documents.

Safe and healthy working environment

(71) The healthy and up-to-date working environment is provided for our employees in accordance with the relevant labour regulations and we provide for the protection of their bodily integrity and health. The Bank provides its employees with training on labour protection and fire protection.

(72) Consumption and/or use of alcohol, illegal substances, drugs and/or other mind-altering substances at the workplaces of the Bank, at other venues and/or on other occasions relating to work for the Bank and/or in the course of activities relating to work is strictly prohibited, along with appearing under the influence thereof or performing activities qualifying as abuse (offering, handing over, dealing in, etc.). Civilised and moderate consumption of alcohol is permitted at protocol events and events not connected with the work or the bank.

(73) All employees must comply with the health and safety regulations pertaining to work, in accordance with the relevant safety, labour and fire protection regulations. The Bank continually complies with the domestic and international statutory regulations pertaining to the creation and maintenance of a safe and healthy working environment.

4. REPORTING OF ETHICS ISSUES, ADVICE

(74) Upon suspecting or learning of potential violations of the values set forth in the Code of Ethics (ethics issues); when in need of advice or just have questions in general or about how to proceed in a given situation, the following options are available:

- a/ in person during working hours (at a pre-arranged time), or by a letter sent to:
 - (a) SKB banka d.d. Ljubljana, Sektor Skladnost poslovanja, Ajdovščina 4, 1000 Ljubljana
- b/ by telephone,
- c/ by e-mail to: vprasanja.skladnost@skb.si
- d/ reporting a violation by e-mail to: opozorilo.opozorilo@skb.si

(75) Notifications, requests and investigations are at all times treated confidentially by the Bank, in observance of the applicable statutory regulations and internal rules, protecting the person reporting.

(76) In the case of a breach of the Code of Ethics, the procedures and sanctions are applied in accordance with the principles defined in the Bank's internal regulatory documents. On establishing an ethical violation, the Bank can institute labour proceedings (applies discriminative sanctions).

(77) Ethics issues may be reported in anonymity. In this case it must be taken into consideration that we may not be able to collect additional information that may be required for investigating and resolving the issue, therefore the Bank kindly advises the person reporting to provide some contact information – while retaining anonymity – so that we can ask for the necessary details.

(78) Unfounded or ill-intentioned notifications (defamation) are unwanted and may entail legal consequences.

5. DISCLOSURE

(79) The Code of Ethics of the Bank and all related documents are also available in English on the Bank's website.

6. FINAL PROVISIONS

(80) A violation of this Code represents the violation of the duties arising from the employment relationship, thus the bank can impose the disciplinary, civil or criminal procedure against the violator. Such a violation represents the violation, due to which the employment contract can be terminated by regular or extraordinary procedure compliant to valid regulation, collective agreement or general internal regulation of the bank.

(81) Code of Ethics shall enter into force on the day of its publication. On the date of entry into force of this Code, the Code of Ethics version 2.0 valid as of 15.12.2020 shall cease to be valid.

ANNEX: DECLARATIONS ON THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE CODE OF ETHICS

EMPLOYEES' DECLARATIONS ON THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE CODE OF ETHICS

By signing this declaration I acknowledge that I have read the SKB Group's Code of Ethics and that I agree to it and accept to be bound by it. I am aware of my obligation to observe and comply with the basic principles of ethics and rules of conduct as set forth in the Code of Ethics at all times. I agree with its contents and I recognise and accept that in the course of the performance of my tasks relating to the operations of SKB Group, the Code of Ethics must always function as an example that I must follow. I declare that I am setting an example for my environment and colleagues by my behaviour.

I accept that the signing of this declaration is a prerequisite for my employment by and/or holding my position (underline as appropriate) at SKB Group.

I declare that I have been furnished with all necessary information in relation to the Code of Ethics and I undertake to return this declaration with my signature, with contents unchanged, to the competent person, without delay.

Place and date of signature: _____

Signature: _____

Name (in block letters): _____

ID No. at work: _____

DECLARATIONS OF AGENTS ON THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE CODE OF ETHICS⁷

By signing this declaration I, the undersigned _____ (name)
_____ (personal data for identification)

on behalf of _____ (name of business)
_____ (company details)

declare that I have read and I understand SKB Group's Code of Ethics and that in the course of my legal relationship/legal relationship of _____ (name of business)

relating to the subject matter of _____,

established by a document dated _____ I agree to and accept to be bound by it as well as (my) colleagues/fulfilment partners as well as subcontractors of _____ (name of business)

and I will ensure that the Code of Ethics is observed and caused to be observed at all times. I am aware of our obligation to always observe and comply with the basic principles of ethics and rules of conduct as set forth in the Code of Ethics. I agree with its contents and I recognise and accept that in the course of the performance of our tasks relating to the operations of SKB Group, the Code of Ethics must always function as an example that we must follow.

I accept that the signing of this declaration is a prerequisite for my contractual legal relationship/the contractual legal relationship of _____ (name of business) with SKB Group.

I declare that I have been furnished with all necessary information in relation to the Code of Ethics and I undertake to return this declaration with my signature, with contents unchanged, to the competent person, without delay.

Place and date of signature: _____

Signature(s):: _____

Name(s) (in block letters): _____

Position(s): _____

Name of undertaking: _____

⁷ Please fill in with appropriate information.